(b) The targets fixed *vis-a-vis* the actual generation of nuclear power for the last three years is given below:

Year	Target Fixed (MUs)	Actual Generation (MUs)
1996-97	7,570	9,068
1997-98	8,515	9,618
1998-99	9,795	11,174

(c) and (d) Do not arise.

Supply of uranium to nuclear power stations

321. SHRI PRAFULL GORADIA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state.

(a) how many uranium reactors are functioning in the country;

(b) how much uranium is required annually by them;

(c) how much uranium the Uranium Corporation of India is able to supply them and what is the shortfall;

(d) whether it is because of the shortfall of uranium that the optimum generation of electricity has not been achieved; and

(e) if so, the steps being taken to increase the supply of uranium to nuclear power stations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES, AGRO AND RURAL INDUSTRIES, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL ANDTRAINING, DEPARTMENT OF PENSIONS AND PENSIONER'S WELFARE OF THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND SPACE. (SHRIMATI VASUNDHRA RAJE): (a) At present, ten nuclear power reactors are operating in the country.

(b) The present annual uranium requirement of the operating nuclear power plants is around 250 tonnes for eight reactors operating based on Pressurised Heavy Water Reactor (PHWR) technology. Two reactors operating based on Boiling Water Reactor (BWR) technology utilises imported enriched uranium.

(c) UCIL is able to supply the required quantity of natural uranium.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Does not arise.

Anti-India Campaign by Terrorists Gathered in Pakistan

†322. SHRI RAGHAVJI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

†Original notice of the Question wai received in Hindi.